

Countries¹ with risk of yellow fever transmission² and countries requiring yellow fever vaccination

This list includes only countries or areas where WHO has determined there is a risk of yellow fever transmission and/or where there are country requirements for travellers.

Country	Country with risk of yellow fever transmission	Country requiring yellow fever vaccination for travellers ³ arriving from:	
		countries with risk of yellow fever transmission (age of traveller)	all countries (age of traveller)
Albania		Yes (≥ 1 year)	
Algeria		Yes ⁴ (≥ 9 months)	
Angola	Yes		Yes (≥ 9 months)
Antigua and Barbuda		Yes ⁴ (≥ 1 year)	
Argentina (Misiones and Corrientes provinces)	Yes ⁵		
Aruba		Yes ⁴ (≥ 9 months)	
Australia		Yes ^{4,6} (≥ 1 year)	
Bahamas		Yes ⁴ (≥ 1 year)	
Bahrain		Yes ⁴ (≥ 9 months)	
Bangladesh		Yes ⁷ (≥ 1 year)	
Barbados		Yes ⁶ (≥ 1 year)	
Belize		Yes ⁷ (≥ 1 year)	
Benin	Yes		Yes (≥ 9 months)
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	Yes ⁵	Yes (≥ 1 year)	
Bonaire		Yes ⁴ (≥ 9 months)	
Botswana		Yes ⁷ (≥ 1 year)	
Brazil	Yes ⁵		
Brunei Darussalam		Yes ⁴ (≥ 9 months)	
Burkina Faso	Yes		Yes (≥ 9 months)
Burundi	Yes		Yes (≥ 9 months)
Cabo Verde		Yes (≥ 1 year)	
Cambodia		Yes ⁴ (≥ 1 year)	
Cameroon	Yes		Yes (≥ 1 year)
Central African Republic	Yes		Yes (≥ 9 months)
Chad	Yes ⁵	Yes (≥ 9 months)	
China		Yes ⁷ (≥ 9 months)	
Christmas Island		Yes ^{4,6} (≥ 1 year)	
Colombia	Yes ⁵	Yes ^{4,6} (≥ 1 year)	
Congo	Yes		Yes (≥ 9 months)
Costa Rica		Yes ⁶ (≥ 9 months)	
Côte d'Ivoire	Yes		Yes (≥ 9 months)
Cuba		Yes ⁴ (≥ 9 months)	
Curaçao		Yes ⁴ (≥ 9 months)	

Country	Country with risk of yellow fever transmission	Country requiring yellow fever vaccination for travellers ³ arriving from	
		countries with risk of yellow fever transmission (age of traveller)	all countries (age of traveller)
Democratic People's Republic of Korea		Yes (≥ 1 year)	
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Yes		Yes (≥ 9 months)
Dominica		Yes ⁴ (≥ 1 year)	
Dominican Republic		Yes ^{4,6} (≥ 1 year)	
Ecuador	Yes ⁵	Yes ^{4,6} (≥ 1 year)	
Egypt		Yes ^{4,6} (≥ 9 months)	
El Salvador		Yes ⁴ (≥ 1 year)	
Equatorial Guinea	Yes	Yes (≥ 9 months)	
Eritrea		Yes (≥ 9 months)	
Eswatini		Yes ⁷ (≥ 9 months)	
Ethiopia	Yes ⁵	Yes ⁴ (≥ 9 months)	
Fiji		Yes ⁴ (≥ 1 year)	
French Guiana	Yes		Yes (≥ 1 year)
French Polynesia		Yes ⁴ (≥ 1 year)	
Gabon	Yes		Yes (≥ 9 months)
Gambia	Yes	Yes ⁴ (≥ 9 months)	
Ghana	Yes		Yes (≥ 9 months)
Grenada		Yes ⁴ (≥ 1 year)	
Guadeloupe		Yes ⁴ (≥ 1 year)	
Guatemala		Yes ⁴ (≥ 1 year)	
Guinea	Yes	Yes (≥ 9 months)	
Guinea-Bissau	Yes		Yes (≥ 1 year)
Guyana	Yes	Yes ⁸ (≥ 1 year)	
Haiti		Yes (≥ 1 year)	
Honduras		Yes (≥ 1 year)	
India		Yes ^{6,7} (≥ 9 months)	
Indonesia		Yes (≥ 9 months)	
Iran (Islamic Republic of)		Yes ⁴ (≥ 9 months)	
Iraq		Yes ⁴ (≥ 9 months)	
Jamaica		Yes ⁴ (≥ 1 year)	
Jordan		Yes ⁴ (≥ 1 year)	
Kazakhstan		Yes ⁷	
Kenya	Yes ⁵	Yes (≥ 1 year)	
Liberia	Yes	Yes (≥ 9 months)	
Madagascar		Yes ⁴ (≥ 9 months)	
Malawi		Yes ⁴ (≥ 1 year)	
Malaysia		Yes ⁴ (≥ 1 year)	
Maldives		Yes ⁴ (≥ 9 months)	
Mali	Yes ⁵		Yes (≥ 9 months)
Malta		Yes ⁴ (≥ 9 months)	
Martinique		Yes ⁴ (≥ 1 year)	

Country	Country with risk of yellow fever transmission	Country requiring yellow fever vaccination for travellers ³ arriving from	
		countries with risk of yellow fever transmission (age of traveller)	all countries (age of traveller)
Mauritania	Yes ⁵	Yes (≥ 1 year)	
Mayotte		Yes ⁴ (≥ 1 year)	
Montserrat		Yes ⁷ (≥ 1 year)	
Mozambique		Yes ⁴ (≥ 1 year)	
Myanmar		Yes ⁴ (≥ 1 year)	
Namibia		Yes ⁴ (≥ 9 months)	
Nepal		Yes ⁴ (≥ 9 months)	
New Caledonia		Yes ⁴ (≥ 1 year)	
Nicaragua		Yes (≥ 1 year)	
Niger	Yes ⁵		Yes (≥ 9 months)
Nigeria	Yes	Yes ⁷ (≥ 9 months)	
Niue		Yes (≥ 9 months)	
Oman		Yes ⁴ (≥ 9 months)	
Pakistan		Yes (≥ 1 year)	
Panama	Yes ⁵	Yes (≥ 1 year)	
Papua New Guinea		Yes ⁷ (≥ 1 year)	
Paraguay	Yes ⁵	Yes (≥ 1 year)	
Peru	Yes ⁵		
Pitcairn Islands		Yes (≥ 1 year)	
Rwanda		Yes (≥ 1 year)	
Saint Barthélemy		Yes ⁴ (≥ 1 year)	
Saint Helena		Yes (≥ 1 year)	
Saint Kitts and Nevis		Yes (≥ 1 year)	
Saint Lucia		Yes (≥ 9 months)	
Saint Martin		Yes ⁴ (≥ 1 year)	
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines		Yes (≥ 1 year)	
Samoa		Yes ⁴ (≥ 1 year)	
São Tomé and Príncipe		Yes ⁷ (≥ 1 year)	
Saudi Arabia		Yes ⁴ (≥ 1 year)	
Senegal	Yes	Yes ⁷ (≥ 9 months)	
Seychelles		Yes ⁷ (≥ 1 year)	
Sierra Leone	Yes		Yes
Singapore		Yes ⁴ (≥ 1 year)	
Sint Eustatius		Yes (≥ 6 months)	
Sint Maarten		Yes (≥ 9 months)	
Solomon Islands		Yes (≥ 9 months)	
Somalia		Yes ⁴ (≥ 9 months)	
South Africa		Yes ⁴ (≥ 1 year)	
South Sudan	Yes		Yes (≥ 9 months)
Sri Lanka		Yes ⁴ (≥ 9 months)	
Sudan	Yes ⁵		Yes (≥ 1 year)
Suriname	Yes	Yes ⁴ (≥ 1 year)	

Country	Country with risk of yellow fever transmission	Country requiring yellow fever vaccination for travellers ³ arriving from	
		countries with risk of yellow fever transmission (age of traveller)	all countries (age of traveller)
Thailand		Yes ⁴ (≥ 9 months)	
Togo	Yes		Yes (≥ 9 months)
Trinidad and Tobago (Island of Trinidad)	Yes ⁵	Yes ⁴ (≥ 9 months)	
Uganda	Yes		Yes (≥ 1 year)
United Arab Emirates		Yes ⁴ (≥ 9 months)	
United Republic of Tanzania		Yes ⁴ (≥ 1 year)	
Uruguay		Yes (≥ 1 year)	
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	Yes ⁵	Yes ^{4,6} (≥ 1 year)	
Wallis and Futuna		Yes ⁴ (≥ 1 year)	
Zambia		Yes ⁴ (≥ 1 year)	
Zimbabwe		Yes ⁴ (≥ 9 months)	

¹ For the purpose of this publication, the terms “country” and “countries” refer to countries, territories and areas.

² Risk of yellow fever transmission is defined as yellow fever being currently reported, or having been reported in the past, and the presence of vectors and animal reservoirs representing a potential risk of infection and transmission.

³ Country requirements are subject to change at any time. It is important for travellers to ensure that they know the requirements of the country to which they are travelling by checking with the relevant consulate or embassy.

Period of validity: In accordance with the amendment to the IHR (2005) adopted by the World Health Assembly in resolution WHA67.13, from 11 July 2016 the period of validity for all certificates of vaccination against yellow fever changed from 10 years to the duration of the life of the person vaccinated, including for certificates already issued and new certificates. Accordingly, as of 11 July 2016, valid certificates of vaccination presented by arriving travellers cannot be rejected on the grounds that more than 10 years have passed since the date on which the vaccination became effective, as stated on the certificate. Boosters or revaccination cannot be required.

⁴ Includes yellow fever vaccination requirement for travellers having transited more than 12 hours through the airport of a country with risk of yellow fever transmission.

⁵ The risk of yellow fever transmission is present only in parts of the country. For details, refer to [the International Travel and Health country list](#).

⁶ The list of countries these requirements apply to differs from WHO’s list of countries with risk for yellow fever transmission. For details, refer to [the International Travel and Health country list](#).

⁷ Includes yellow fever vaccination requirement for travellers having transited through the airport of a country with risk of yellow fever transmission.

⁸ Includes yellow fever vaccination requirement for travellers having transited more than 4 hours through the airport of a country with risk of yellow fever transmission.

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